



SOCIETY FOR PUBLIC HEALTH EDUCATION

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**HPP SELF-STUDY
CONTINUING EDUCATION CREDITS
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Survey Design From the Ground Up: Collaboratively Creating the Toronto Teen Survey

Flicker, S., Guta, A., Larkin, J., Flynn, S., Fridkin, A., Travers, R., Pole, J. Layne, C.,

1. What does the article identify as a possible cause of the limited effectiveness of sexual health initiatives with youth?
 - a. The lack of targeted public health campaigns aimed at young people.
 - b. The lack of academic expertise in the development of health promotion materials
 - c. The lack of youth involvement in the development and dissemination.
 - d. The lack of community-based responses to emerging sexual health epidemics

2. The TTS was designed to reach youth who had not been heard from in previous studies, which of these age groups was identified?
 - a. 11-16
 - b. 13-17
 - c. 12-18
 - d. 16-24

3. This study involved youth and service providers at which stage of the survey development?
 - a. Pilot testing the survey
 - b. Administering the survey
 - c. Every stage of survey development
 - d. Reviewing questions and answers

4. Planned Parenthood Toronto is described as an agency that?
 - a. Primarily conducts research and monitoring of STDs
 - b. Provides accessible and inclusive services that promote healthy sexuality and informed decision making.
 - c. Develops health promotion campaigns in collaboration with academic partners.
 - d. Works to decrease rates of pregnancy and STDs amongst communities of youth.

5. The study was based on guiding research principles from which research approach?
 - a. Feminist
 - b. Community-Based Participatory
 - c. Action Research
 - d. Expert Model

6. The Youth Advisory Committee (YAC) members received training in a number of important areas, which of these was NOT identified?
 - a. Methodological Training
 - b. Sexual Health
 - c. Peer Counseling
 - d. Social Determinants of Health

7. In this paper, which kinds of questions were identified as most challenging to develop?
 - a. Education Access Barriers
 - b. Demographic
 - c. Sexual Behavior
 - d. Clinic Access Barriers

8. In this paper, the importance of the Youth Facilitator role was highlighted - which combination of skills was deemed most important?
 - a. Research and Administration
 - b. Research and Youth Work
 - c. Health Promotion and Research
 - d. Child and Youth Development

9. In the present study, the Youth Advisory Committee (YAC) members did not feel it was adequate to simply administer the survey, and requested an additional component. Which of these was added?
 - a. On-site testing services be provided
 - b. An educational film screening take place following the survey
 - c. A sexual health pamphlet be provided
 - d. An interactive educational component take place following the survey

10. In addition to piloting the survey, the research team shared the survey with key stakeholders consisting of?
 - a. Local educators working in the catchment area
 - b. Other academics with expertise in survey design
 - c. Staff at Toronto Public Health
 - d. Service providers working with diverse groups of youth

11. In this paper, the researchers explained that youth's understandings of sexual health issues were not always inclusive and "politically correct". The research team handled this by?
 - a. Deferring to young people's understandings of the issue.
 - b. Combining various perspectives to create inclusive questions which still appealed to youth.
 - c. Using only standardized phrasing
 - d. Using a research team veto

12. In addition to standard research ethics guidelines, the research team used a number of innovative strategies? Which of these is NOT one of them?
 - a. Careful attention to youth friendly protocols and consent procedures
 - b. Conducting survey sessions in schools during regularly scheduled health classes
 - c. Partnering with experienced youth-serving community-based agencies
 - d. Valuing youth participation appropriately